

```
> restart:
with(plots):
with(plottools):
```

```
>
Digits:=25:
```

```
> cv := 1:
alv := 1:
```

```
> -(1-al/r)*c^2+dr^2/(1-al/r)+r^2*dte^2:
sqrt(%):
L:=%;
```

$$L := \sqrt{\left(1 - \frac{al}{r}\right) c^2 - \frac{dr^2}{1 - \frac{al}{r}} - r^2 dte^2} \quad (1)$$

```
> diff(L, dr):
simplify(%):
radsimp(%) assuming r=3*al, al=1:
pr:=%;
```

```
diff(L, dte):
simplify(%):
radsimp(%) assuming r=3*al, al=1:
pte:=%;
```

$$pr := - \frac{r^2 dr}{\sqrt{(al dte^2 r^3 - dte^2 r^4 + al^2 c^2 - 2 al c^2 r + c^2 r^2 - dr^2 r^2) r (r - al)}}$$

$$pte := \frac{r^3 (-r + al) dte}{\sqrt{(al dte^2 r^3 - dte^2 r^4 + al^2 c^2 - 2 al c^2 r + c^2 r^2 - dr^2 r^2) r (r - al)}} \quad (2)$$

```
> pr*dr+pte*dte-L:
%^2:
simplify(%):
radsimp(%) assuming r=3*al, al=1:
factor(%):
subs([dr^2=dr2, dte^2=dte2], %):
cons1:= %-ep2;
```

$$cons1 := - \frac{(-r + al)^3 c^4}{(al dte2 r^3 - dte2 r^4 + al^2 c^2 - 2 al c^2 r + c^2 r^2 - dr2 r^2) r} - ep2 \quad (3)$$

```
> pte^2:
simplify(%):
radsimp(%) assuming r=3*al, al=1:
factor(%):
subs([dr^2=dr2, dte^2=dte2], %):
cons2:=%-k2;
```

$$cons2 := - \frac{dte2 (-r + al) r^5}{al dte2 r^3 - dte2 r^4 + al^2 c^2 - 2 al c^2 r + c^2 r^2 - dr2 r^2} - k2 \quad (4)$$

```

> [cons1, cons2]:
solve(%, [dr2, dte2]):
op(%):
factor(%):
%;

subs(%, [dr2, dr2/dte2]):
wPhi, wPsi := op(%):

wPhi;
wPsi;

```

$$\left[dr2 = \frac{c^2 (-r + al)^2 (al c^2 r^2 - c^2 r^3 + al c^2 k2 - c^2 k2 r + ep2 r^3)}{ep2 r^5}, dte2 \right. \\
 \left. = \frac{c^4 k2 (-r + al)^2}{ep2 r^6} \right] \\
 \frac{c^2 (-r + al)^2 (al c^2 r^2 - c^2 r^3 + al c^2 k2 - c^2 k2 r + ep2 r^3)}{ep2 r^5} \\
 \frac{(al c^2 r^2 - c^2 r^3 + al c^2 k2 - c^2 k2 r + ep2 r^3) r}{c^2 k2} \quad (5)$$

```

[> # Light rays

```

```

> wPhi:
subs(k2=K2*ep2,%):
limit(%, ep2=infinity):
factor(%):
lwPhi := %;

```

$$lwPhi := \frac{c^2 (-r + al)^2 (K2 al c^2 - K2 c^2 r + r^3)}{r^5} \quad (6)$$

```

> wPsi:
subs(k2=K2*ep2,%):
limit(%, ep2=infinity):
factor(%):
lwPsi := %;

```

$$lwPsi := \frac{(K2 al c^2 - K2 c^2 r + r^3) r}{c^2 K2} \quad (7)$$

```

> lwPhi/lwPsi:
%;

```

$$\frac{c^4 (-r + al)^2 K2}{r^6} \quad (8)$$

```

> Ingoing := -1:
Outgoing:= 1:

```

```
Clockwise      := -1:
Counterclockwise := 1:
```

```
> lwPhi:
subs([al=alv, c=cv], %):
sqrt(%):
radsimp(%) assuming r>alv, K2>0:
simplify(%) assuming r>alv, K2>0:
1/%:
subs(r=R, %):
Int(%, R=r0..r):
ltr:=t0+ branch*%;
#
# branch = 1 : Outgoing
# branch = -1 : Ingoing
```

$$ltr := \left(\int_{r0}^r \frac{R^5 / 2}{(R-1) \sqrt{R^3 - K2 R + K2}} dR \right) branch + t0 \quad (9)$$

```
> lwPsi:
subs([al=alv, c=cv], %):
sqrt(%):
simplify(%) assuming r>alv, K2>0:
1/%:
subs(r=R, %):
Int(%, R=r0..r):
lter:=te0+ clock * branch* %;
#
# clock = 1 : Counterclockwise
# clock = -1 : Clockwise
```

$$lter := \left(\int_{r0}^r \frac{\sqrt{K2}}{\sqrt{R} \sqrt{R^3 - K2 R + K2}} dR \right) branch clock + te0 \quad (10)$$

```
> # Discussion of different region depends on the sign of R^3 - K2*R
+ K2.
```

```
> lwPsi*K2*c^2/r:
#subs([al=alv, c=cv], %):
%;
diff(%, r):
solve(%, r):
rc:=[%][1];
```

$$rc := \frac{K2 al c^2 - K2 c^2 r + r^3}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{K2} c} \quad (11)$$

```

> lwPsi*K2*c^2/r:
#subs([al=alv, c=cv], %):
subs(r=rc, %):
subs(K2=K^2, %):
simplify(%) assuming K>0:
solve(%/K^2, K):
K2c:=%^2;

```

$$K2c := \frac{27 a l^2}{4 c^2} \quad (12)$$

```

> rc:
subs(K2=K2c, %):
simplify(%) :
rc:=%;

```

$$rc := \frac{3 \sqrt{\frac{a l^2}{c^2}} c}{2} \quad (13)$$

```

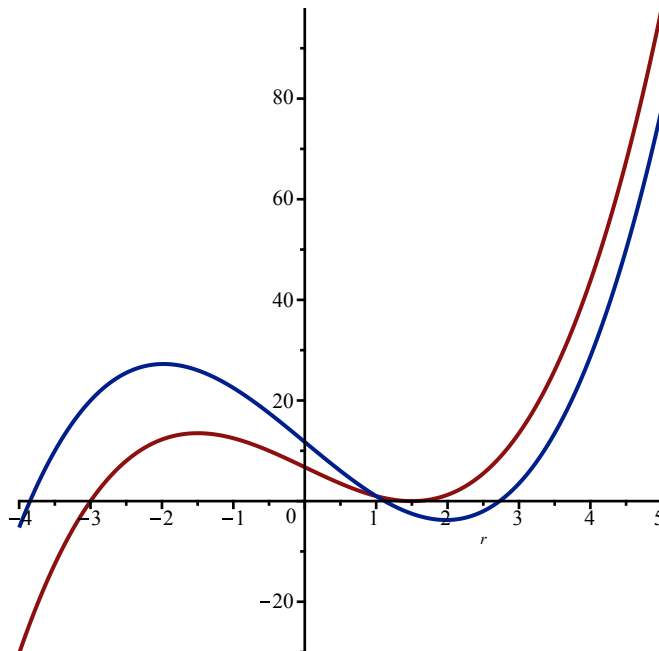
> # per K2 > K2c = 27/4
# r > rm          # scattering
# 1 < r < r0      # infalling

```

```

lwPsi*K2*c^2/r:
subs([al=alv, c=cv], %):
[subs(K2=K2c, %), subs(K2=K2c+5, %)] :
plot(%, r=-4..5);

```



```

> lwPsi*K2*c^2/r:
subs([al=alv, c=cv], %):
%-(r-r1)*(r-rm)*(r+r1+rm):
collect(%, r):
[subs(r=0, %), subs(r=0, diff(%, r))]:
solve(%, [K2, r1]):
allvalues(%) :

```

```
[%][1]:
op(%):
subs(%,[K2,r1]):
K2v,r1v:=op(%):

K2v;
r1v;
```

$$\frac{rm^3}{rm-1}$$

$$\frac{\left(-rm+1+\sqrt{rm^2+2rm-3}\right)rm}{2\left(rm-1\right)} \quad (14)$$

```
> r1v:
subs(rm=3/2,%):
simplify(%):
%;
```

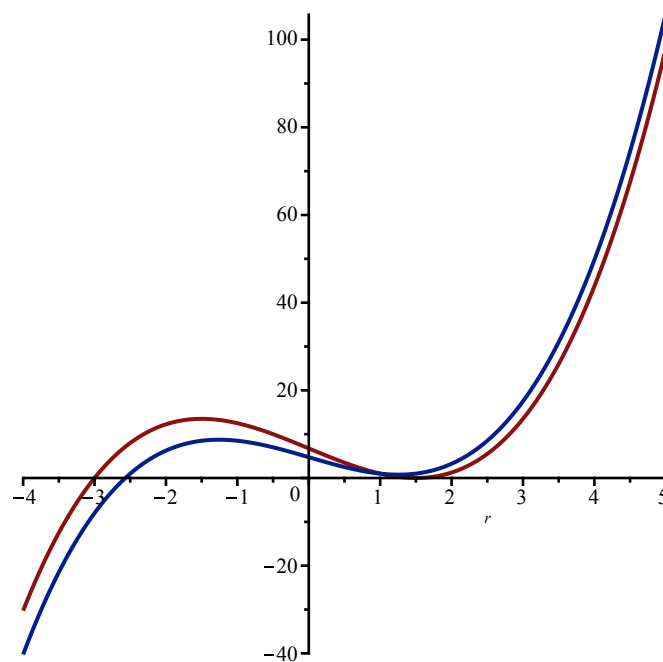
$$\frac{3}{2} \quad (15)$$

```
> # K2 = K2c is singular
```

```
# Phi has a double zero which is an asymptotic goal which makes the
intengrals divergent
# it corresponds to 1 (actually 3) single lines, hence we can
complete by continuity and avoid it.
```

```
> # For 0 < K2 < K2c = 27/4
# r > 0 # infalling
```

```
lwPsi*K2*c^2/r:
subs([al=alv,c=cv],%):
[subs(K2=K2c,%),subs(K2=K2c-2,%)]:
plot(% ,r=-4..5);
```



```

> WavefrontThrough := proc(r0v, te0v, t0v, branchv, clockv)
  [r*cos(lter), r*sin(lter), ltr]:
  subs([r0=r0v, te0=te0v, t0=t0v], %):
  subs([branch=branchv, clock=clockv], %):
  evalf(%):
end:

> # if (0 < K2 < K2c) everything is easy:

# if we are on ingoing branch the ray first passes on P0 then it
# falls into the BH,
# then we need r > r0
# if we are on outgoing branch the rays comes from near the BH
# through P0 to infinity
# then we need 1 < r < r0

```

```

> # let's check it computes and it is real for some value

WavefrontThrough(5, Pi/4, 13, Ingoing, Counterclockwise):
subs(K2=1, %):
subs(r=12, %):
evalf(%):
%;

```

```

[9.423183589434292165494522, 7.429913259239050461323544,
4.929269597601190917561561]

```

(16)

```

> # r < z so that it is easy to change

z := 50;

# The vertex of the wavefront

Pr := 5;
Pte := Pi/4;
Pt := 13;

```

$z := 50$

$Pr := 5$

$Pte := \frac{\pi}{4}$

$Pt := 13$

(17)

```

> # let us start from ingoing particles
# 0 < K2 < K2c => r0 < r < z

```

```

> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Ingoing, Counterclockwise):
subs(K2=0, %):
simplify(%):
#%;
C0:=spacecurve(%, r=Pr..z, color=green, thickness=4):

> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Ingoing, Counterclockwise):
subs(K2=K2c, %):
simplify(%):
Cp:=spacecurve(%, r=Pr..z, color=green, thickness=4):

> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Ingoing, Clockwise):
subs(K2=K2c, %):
evalf(%):
#%;
Cm:=spacecurve(%, r=Pr..z, color=green, thickness=4):

> # Surface

WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Ingoing, Counterclockwise):
evalf(%):
#%;
W1:=plot3d(%, K2=0..K2c-0.01, r=Pr..z, color=red):

> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Ingoing, Clockwise):
evalf(%):
#%;
W2:=plot3d(%, K2=0..K2c, r=Pr..z, color=red):

> BH := spacecurve([0,0,s, s=-5000..5000],
axes=box, color = black, linestyle = dash):

> [R*cos(te), R*sin(te), t]:
subs(R=1*alv, %):
plot3d(%, te=0..2*Pi, t=-5000..5000):
S := %:

> PM := pointplot3d([5*cos(Pi/4), 5*sin(Pi/4), 13],
color=black, symbol = solidcircle, symbolsize = 10):

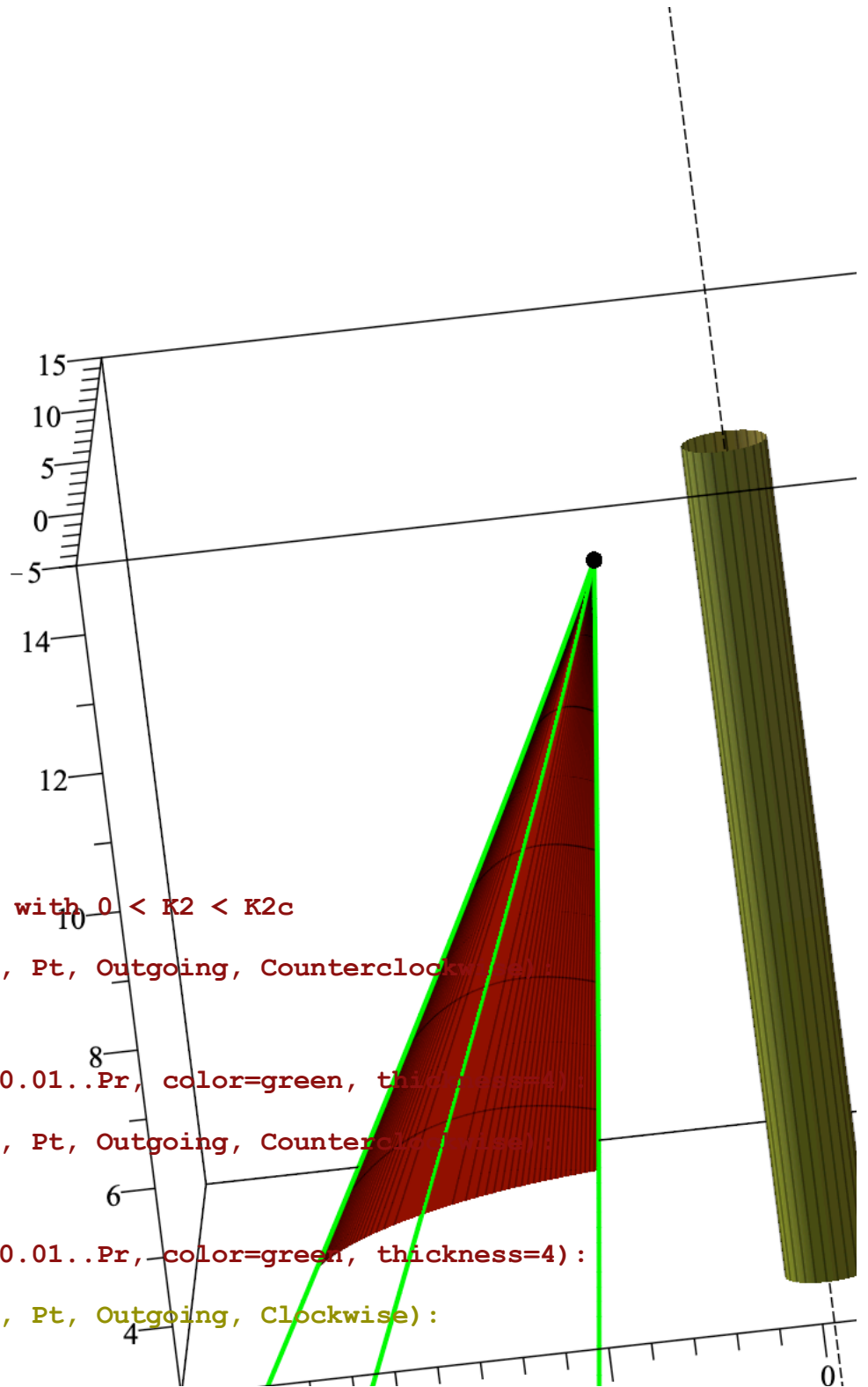
> [z*cos(s), z*sin(s), Pt-z]:
zLine:=spacecurve(%, s=0..2*Pi, color=green, thickness=1):

[Pr*cos(s), Pr*sin(s), Pt-z]:
PLine:=spacecurve(%, s=0..2*Pi, color=green, thickness=1):

[3/2*cos(s), 3/2*sin(s), Pt-z]:
zline:=spacecurve(%, s=0..2*Pi, color=green, thickness=1):

```

```
> display(BH, S, PM,
zLine, PLine, zline,
C0, Cp,
W1,
W2, Cm,
view=[ -5..15, -5..15, 3..15]);
```



```
>
# Now Outgoing particles with  $0 < K2 < K2c$ 
> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Counterclockwise):
subs(K2=0, %):
simplify(%):
#%;
c0:=spacecurve(%, r=3/2+0.01..Pr, color=green, thickness=4):
> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Counterclockwise):
subs(K2=K2c, %):
simplify(%):
#evalf(%):
cp:=spacecurve(%, r=3/2+0.01..Pr, color=green, thickness=4):
> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Clockwise):
subs(K2=K2c, %):
simplify(%):
```

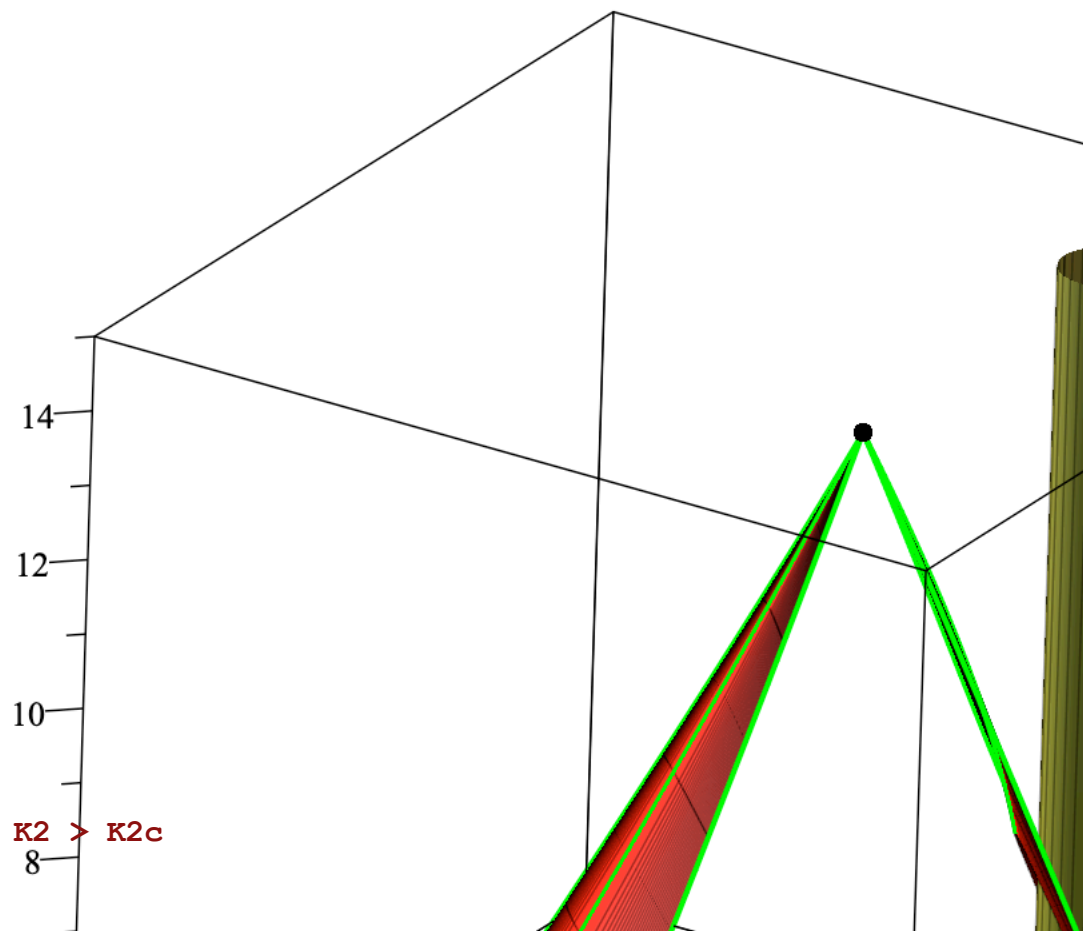


```
#evalf(%);
cm:=spacecurve(%, r=3/2+0.01..Pr, color=green, thickness=4):
```

```
> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Counterclockwise):
simplify(%):
W3:=plot3d(%, K2=0..K2c, r=3/2+0.01..Pr, color=red):
```

```
> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Clockwise):
simplify(%):
W4:=plot3d(%, K2=0..K2c, r=3/2+0.01..Pr, color=red):
```

```
> display(BH, S, PM,
zLine, PLine, zline,
C0, Cp, W1, W2, Cm,
#
c0, cp,
W3,
W4, cm,
view=[ -5..15, -5..15, 3..15]);
```



```
> # Then we focus on  $K2 > K2c$ 
# 3 solutions
```

```

> # We split  rm < r      Ingoing  (now)
#           1 < r < r1 Outgoing (later)

> # for K2 > K2c each ray has an incoming and outgoing branch.
# the point P0 is on one branch, the other branch is called the
Other.

# Thus we can consider an ingoing ray (meaning that P0 is on the
incoming branch)
# and we call Other branch the outgoing branch.

# this time we need to draw both branches of each ray.

> # Let us start from P0 branch, setting initial conditions in P0

> lwPhi:
subs([al=alv, c=cv], %):
subs(r^3=(r-r1)*(r-rm)*(r+r1+rm)+K2*r-K2, %):
subs(K2=K2v, %):
radsimp(%) assuming r>rm, rm>r1, r1>3/2:
simplify(%) assuming r>rm, rm>r1, r1>3/2:
sqrt(%) :
radsimp(%) assuming r>rm, rm>r1, r1>3/2:
simplify(%) assuming r>rm, rm>r1, r1>3/2:
1/%:
subs(r=R, %):
int(%, R=r0..r) assuming r>r0, r0>rm, rm>r1, r1>3/2:
radsimp(%) assuming r>rm, rm>r1, r1>3/2, r0>rm:
simplify(%) assuming r>rm, rm>r1, r1>3/2, r0>rm:
ltr:=t0+ branch*%:
#%;

#
#  branch = 1 : Outgoing
#  branch = -1 : Ingoing

> lwPsi:
subs([al=alv, c=cv], %):
subs(r^3=(r-r1)*(r-rm)*(r+r1+rm)+K2*r-K2, %):
subs(K2=K2v, %):
sqrt(%) :
radsimp(%) assuming r>rm, rm>r1, r1>3/2:
simplify(%) assuming r>rm, rm>r1, r1>3/2:
1/%:
subs(r=R, %):
int(%, R=r0..r) assuming r>r0, r0>rm, rm>r1, r1>3/2:
radsimp(%) assuming r>rm, rm>r1, r1>3/2, r0>rm:
simplify(%) assuming r>rm, rm>r1, r1>3/2, r0>rm:
lter:=te0+ clock * branch* %:
#%;

#
#  clock = 1 : Counterclockwise
#  clock = -1 : Clockwise

```

```

> #
# Clockwise      Outgoing      red  small
# Clockwise      Outgoing      blue small  rm =[1.5 .. 5], r =
[rm .. 5]  W5
#
# Clockwise      Ingoing       red  big
# Clockwise      Ingoing       blue big  rm =[1.5 .. 5], r =
[5 .. 50]  W8

# Counterclockwise  Outgoing
# Counterclockwise  Ingoing
#

> WavefrontThrough := proc(r0v, te0v, t0v, branchv, clockv)
[r*cos(lter), r*sin(lter), ltr]:
subs([r0=r0v, te0=te0v, t0=t0v], %):
subs([branch=branchv, clock=clockv], %):
end:

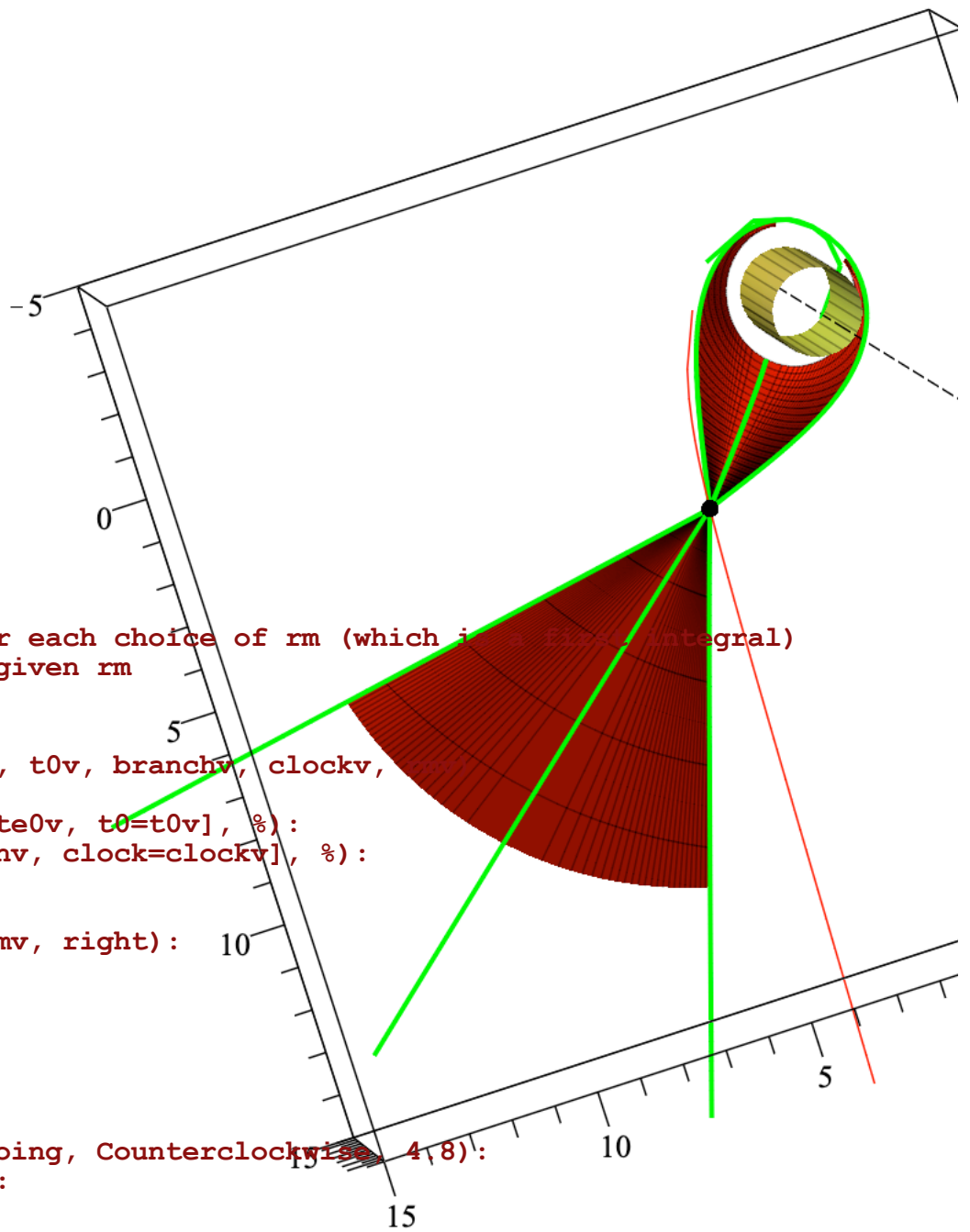
>
# let us just check that Ingoing/Outgoing and
Clockwise/Counterclockwise
# are correctly implemented

> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Ingoing, Clockwise):
#WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Clockwise):
#WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Ingoing, Counterclockwise):
#WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Counterclockwise):

simplify(%):
subs(r1=r1v, %):
subs(rm=3, %):
radsimp(%):
simplify(%):
evalf(%):
pr1:= spacecurve(%, r=3.01..z, color=red, thickness=1):

> display(BH, S, PM,
zLine, PLine, zline,
C0, Cp, W1,          W2, Cm,
#
c0, cp, W3,          W4, cm,
pr1,
view=[ -5..15, -5..15, 3..15]);

```



```
> # we have one ray for each choice of rm (which is a first integral)
# let us compute Pm given rm
```

```
> Pm := proc(r0v, te0v, t0v, branchv, clockv, rmv)
[r, lter, ltr]:
subs([r0=r0v, te0=te0v, t0=t0v], %):
subs([branch=branchv, clock=clockv], %):
subs(r1=r1v, %):
subs(rm = rmv, %):
map(limit, %, r = rmv, right):
evalf(%):
#evalf(%):
#map(Re, %):
end:
```

```
> Pm(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Counterclockwise, 4, 8):
Rm, Tem, Tm := op(%):
```

```
Rm;
Tem;
Tm;
```

```

> OtherRayThrough := proc(r0v, te0v, t0v, branchv, clockv, rmv)
  local Rm, Tem, Tm:
  Pm(r0v, te0v, t0v, branchv, clockv, rmv):
  Rm, Tem, Tm := op(%):
  WavefrontThrough(Rm, Tem, Tm, -branchv, clockv):
  simplify(%):
  subs(r1=r1v, %):
  subs(rm=rmv, %):
end:

```

```

> OtherRayThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Ingoing, Clockwise, 3):

```

```

  subs(r=3, %):
  evalf(%):
  %;

```

```

[2.652044829947528013947556, -1.402375919626612534290470,
 19.15607720336945524189919]

```

```

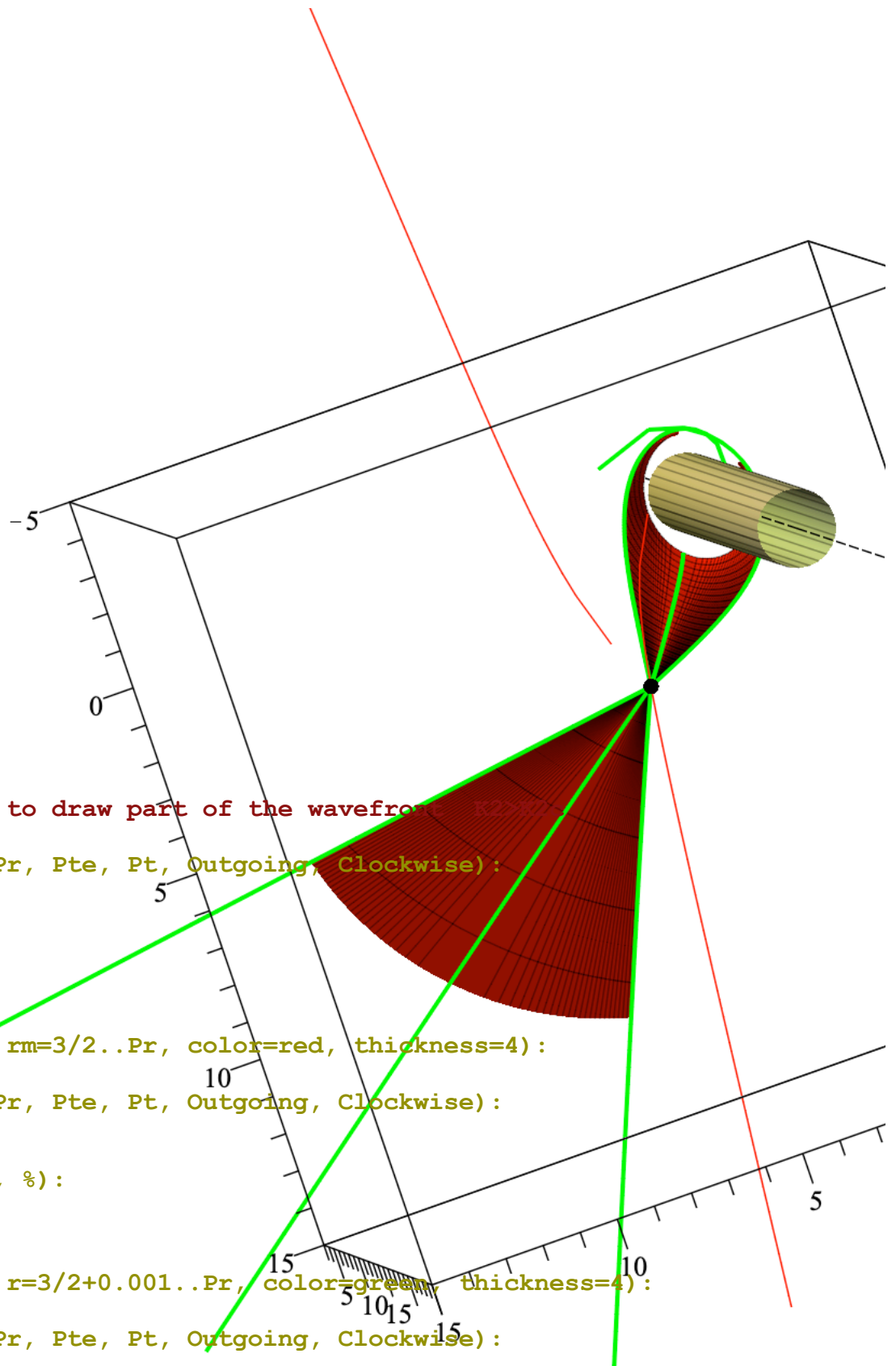
> OtherRayThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Ingoing, Clockwise, 4.8):
  radsimp(%):
  simplify(%):
  evalf(%):
  Otherpr1:= spacecurve(%, r=4.8001..z, color=red, thickness=1):

```

```

> display(BH, S, PM,
  zLine, PLine, zline,
  C0, Cp, W1, W2, Cm,
  #
  c0, cp, W3, W4, cm,
  pr1, Otherpr1,
  view=[ -5..15, -5..15, 3..25]);

```



```
> # Ok we are ready to draw part of the wavefront  $K_2 > K_1$ 
> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Clockwise):
  simplify(%):
  subs(r1=rlv, %):
  subs(r=rm, %):
  evalf(%):
  #map(Re,%):
  #%;
  kp:=spacecurve(%, rm=3/2..Pr, color=red, thickness=4):
> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Clockwise):
  simplify(%):
  subs(r1=rlv, %):
  subs(rm=3/2+0.001, %):
  evalf(%):
  #map(Re,%):
  #%;
  km:=spacecurve(%, r=3/2+0.001..Pr, color=green, thickness=4):
> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Clockwise):
  simplify(%):
  subs(r1=rlv, %):
  evalf(%):
  #%;
  W5:=plot3d(%, rm=3/2..Pr, r=rm..Pr, color=blue):
```

```
> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Counterclockwise):  
  simplify(%):  
  subs(r1=r1v, %):  
  subs(r=rm, %):  
  evalf(%):  
  #map(Re,%):  
  #%;  
  Kp:=spacecurve(%, rm=3/2..Pr, color=red, thickness=4):
```

```
> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Counterclockwise):  
  simplify(%):  
  subs(r1=r1v, %):  
  subs(rm=3/2+0.001, %):  
  evalf(%):  
  #map(Re,%):  
  #%;  
  Km:=spacecurve(%, r=3/2+0.001..Pr, color=green, thickness=4):
```

```
> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Counterclockwise):  
  simplify(%):  
  subs(r1=r1v, %):  
  evalf(%):  
  #%;  
  W6:=plot3d(%, rm=3/2..Pr, r=rm..Pr, color=blue):
```

```
> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Ingoing, Counterclockwise):  
  simplify(%):  
  subs(r1=r1v, %):  
  subs(rm=Pr, %):  
  evalf(%):  
  #map(Re,%):  
  #%;  
  K:=spacecurve(%, r=Pr..z, color=green, thickness=4):
```

```
> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Ingoing, Counterclockwise):  
  simplify(%):  
  subs(r1=r1v, %):  
  evalf(%):  
  #subs(rm=3/2, %):  
  #subs(r=3/2, %):  
  #evalf(%):  
  #%;  
  W7:=plot3d(%, rm=3/2..Pr, r=Pr..z, color=blue):
```

```
> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Ingoing, Clockwise):  
  simplify(%):  
  subs(r1=r1v, %):  
  subs(rm=Pr, %):  
  evalf(%):  
  #map(Re,%):  
  #%;  
  k:=spacecurve(%, r=Pr..z, color=green, thickness=4):
```

```

> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Ingoing, Clockwise):
  simplify(%):
  subs(r1=r1v, %):
  evalf(%):
  #%;
W8:=plot3d(% , rm=3/2..Pr, r=Pr..z, color=blue):

```

```

> WavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Counterclockwise):
  simplify(%):
  subs(r1=r1v, %):
  subs(rm=4.6, %):
  evalf(%):
  #%;
OneLine:=spacecurve(% , r=4.6..Pr, color=red, thickness=14):

```

```

> Pm(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Counterclockwise, 4.6):
Rm, Tem, Tm := op(%):
[Rm*cos(Tem), Rm*sin(Tem), Tm]:
M := pointplot3d(% ,
color=red, symbol = solidcircle, symbolsize = 20):

```

```

> OtherRayThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Counterclockwise, 4.6):
evalf(%):
#%;
OtherLine:=spacecurve(% , r=4.6..z, color=red, thickness=14):

```

```

> display(BH, S, PM,
  zLine, PLine, zline,
  W1, W3, C0, Cp, c0, cp,
  W2, W4, Cm, cm,
  W6, W8, Km, K, Kp,
  W5, W7, k, kp, km,
  OneLine, OtherLine, M,
  view=[ -5..15, -5..15, 3..15]);

```



```

> OtherWavefrontThrough := proc(r0v, te0v, t0v, branchv, clockv)
  local Rm, Tem, Tm:
  Pm(r0v, te0v, t0v, branchv, clockv, rm):
  Rm, Tem, Tm := op(%):
  WavefrontThrough(Rm, Tem, Tm, -branchv, clockv):
  subs(r1=r1v, %):
end:

```

```

> OtherWavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Clockwise):
w9:=plot3d(%, rm=3/2..Pr, r=rm..z, color=green):

```

```

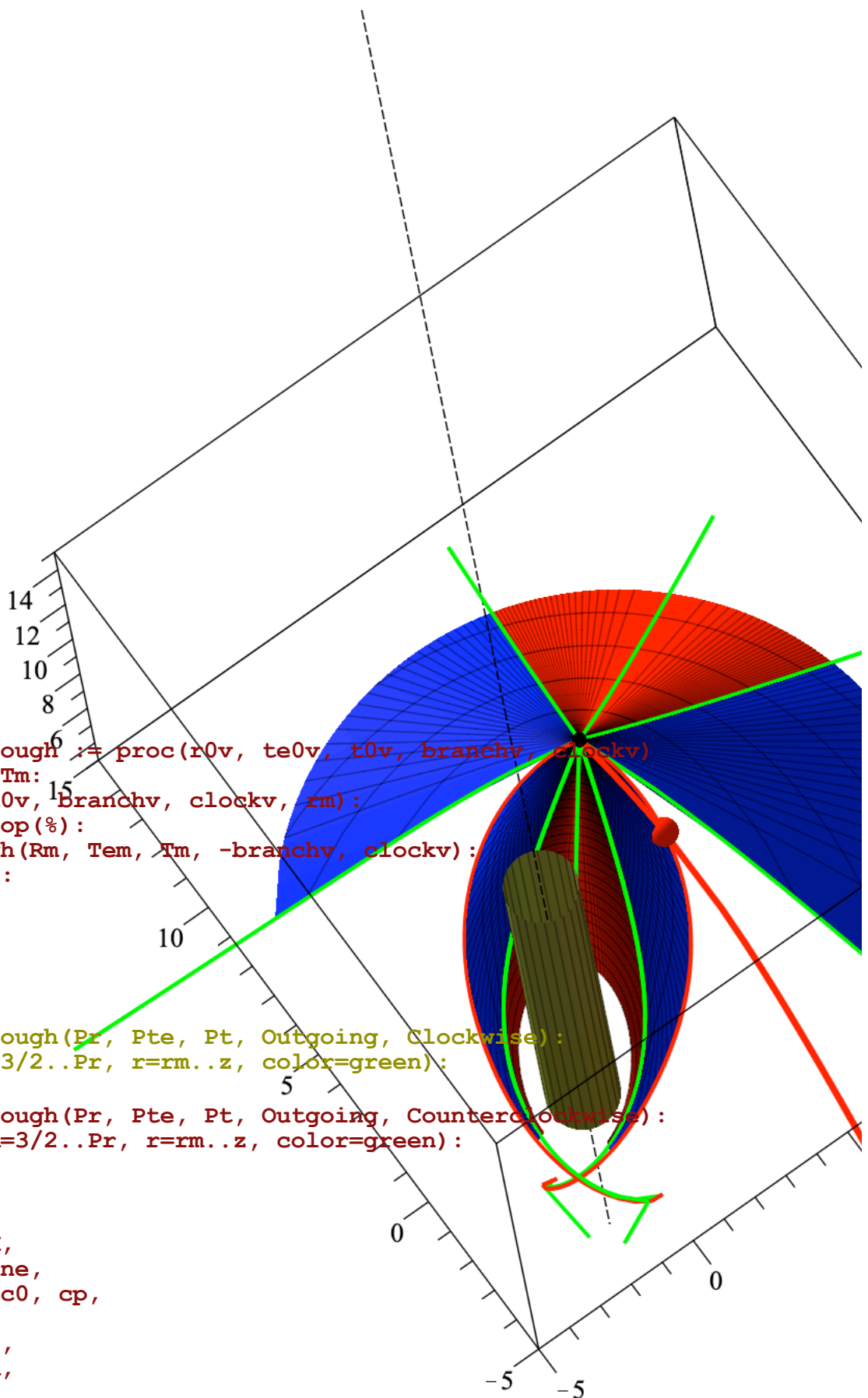
> OtherWavefrontThrough(Pr, Pte, Pt, Outgoing, Counterclockwise):
w10:=plot3d(%, rm=3/2..Pr, r=rm..z, color=green):

```

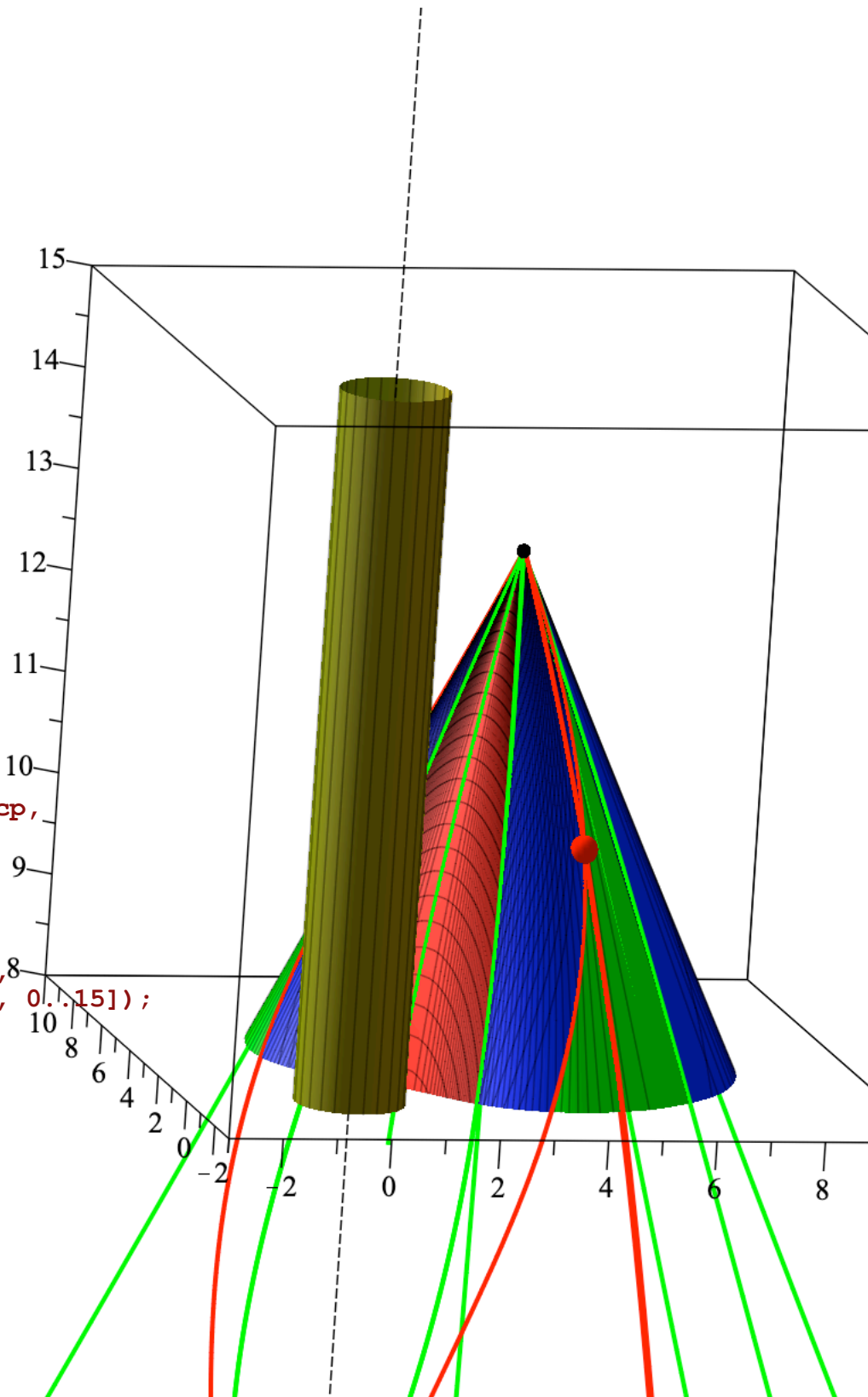
```

> display(BH, S, PM,
  zLine, PLine, zline,
  W1, W3, C0, Cp, c0, cp,
  W2, W4, Cm, cm,
  W6, W8, Km, K, Kp,
  W5, W7, k, kp, km,
  w9,

```



```
w10,  
OneLine, OtherLine, M,  
view=[ -3..10, -3..10, 8..15]);
```



```
> display(BH, S, PM,  
zLine, PLine, zline,  
W1, W3, C0, Cp, c0, cp,  
W2, W4, Cm, cm,  
W6, W8, Km, K, Kp,  
W5, W7, k, kp, km,  
w9,  
w10,  
OneLine, OtherLine, M,  
view=[ -3..15, -3..15, 0..15]);
```

```

> display(BH, S, PM,
zLine, PLine, zline,
#W1,
#W3,
C0, c0, cp, #Cp,
W2,
W4, cm, Cm,
#W6,
W8,
Km, #Kp, #K,
#W7,
W5, k, #kp, #km,
w9,
#w10,
#OneLine, OtherLine, M2
view=[ -3..15, -3..15, -25..15]);

```

